

Abstract

Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute (KASI) installed SLR station (Daedeok) and joined the ILRS network in 2012. In addition, from early in 2013, KASI planned to prepare the SLR data processing. In this poster, we present current status and results of precise orbit determination (POD) and geodetic parameter estimations using satellite laser ranging (SLR) observations. The NASA/GSFC GEODYN II and SOLVE softwares were used for processing the normal point observation data set of LAGEOS-1, LAGEOS-2, ETALON-1 and ETALON-2. A weekly-based orbit determination strategy was employed to process SLR observations and the coordinates of ILRS sites were determined.

Precise Orbit Determination of LAGEOS-1, 2 & ETALON-1, 2

LAGEOS-1,2 & ETALON-1,2 Geodetic Satellites

Table 1	LAGEOS-1	LAGEOS-2	ETALON-1	ETALON-2
Nationality	USA & Italy		Russia	
Launch date	May, 1976	October, 1992	January, 1989	May, 1989
Primary missions	Geodesy		Geodesy	
LRA diameter (m)	0.60		1.29	
LRA shape	Sphere		Circular	
Orbit	Circular		Circular	
Inclination (deg)	109.84	52.64	64.90	65.50
Eccentricity	0.0045	0.0135	0.0061	0.00066
Height of perigee (km)	5,860	5,620	19,120	
Period (min)	225	223	676	675
Weight (kg)	407	405	1415	

Precise Orbit Determination(POD) System Configuration

- Dynamic, measurement models/parameters, and reference frame for POD

Table 2	Model/Parameter	Description
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Earth gravity Planetary ephemeris Atmospheric density Station coordinates Precession/nutation Tropospheric refraction Earth tide Ocean tide Solar radiation pressure Numerical integration Editing strategy ARC 		GGM02C 30X30
		JPL DE-1403
		Jacchia 1971
		ITRF2005 SLR rescaled
		IAU2000
		Mendes-Pavlis model
		IERS Conventions 2003
		GOT99.2
		coefficient 1.13
		11 th Cowell's method
		3.5 editing
		2013/01/07 – 2013/10/28 (42 weeks) / ARC length : 7days

- Measurement Data : NP data from 26 ILRS stations

Table 3	Station Number	Station Name	Station Number	Station Name
	1868	Komsomolsk	7403	Arequipa
	1873	Simeiz	7406	San Juan
	1879	Altay	7501	Hartebeesthoek
	1884	Riga	7810	Zimmerwald
	1893	Katzevily	7821	Shanghai
	7080	McDonald	7824	San Fernando
	7090	Yarragadee	7825	Mt Stromlo
	7105	Greenbelt	7839	Graz
	7110	Monument Peak	7840	Herstmonceux
	7237	Changchun	7841	Potsdam
	7249	Beijing	7845	Grasse
	7359	Daedeok (under validation)	7941	Matera
	7308	Koganei	8834	Wetzell

Precise Orbit Determination Results

POD result of LAGEOS-1,2 & ETALON-1, 2

- Post-fit Residual for LAGEOS-1,2 & ETALON-1,2 (2013/01 – 2013/10)

Table 4	ARCs	LAGEOS-1 (cm, Weighted RMS)	LAGEOS-2 (cm, Weighted RMS)	ETALON-1 (cm, Weighted RMS)	ETALON-2 (cm, Weighted RMS)
	1	0.86	0.72	1.21	0.84
	2	1.00	0.83	0.72	0.76
	3	0.83	0.74	0.51	0.36
	4	0.93	0.76	0.81	0.64
	5	0.82	0.78	0.50	0.81
	6	0.82	0.81	0.69	0.69
	7	0.78	0.63	0.74	0.50
	8	0.85	0.84	0.46	0.84
	9	0.74	0.82	0.54	0.53
	10	0.94	0.88	0.38	0.63
	11	0.72	0.66	0.66	0.95
	12	1.12	0.77	0.43	1.02
	13	0.92	0.75	1.24	1.45
	14	1.01	0.80	0.50	0.51
	15	0.78	0.69	0.62	0.47
	16	1.02	0.75	0.65	0.42
	17	1.01	0.91	1.05	0.92
	18	1.02	0.93	0.39	0.91
	19	0.69	0.86	0.89	0.65
	20	1.05	0.80	0.99	0.72
	21	0.87	1.06	0.55	0.94

Precise Orbit Determination Results (Continued)

ARCs	LAGEOS-1 (cm, Weighted RMS)	LAGEOS-2 (cm, Weighted RMS)	ETALON-1 (cm, Weighted RMS)	ETALON-2 (cm, Weighted RMS)
22	0.83	1.16	0.56	0.50
23	0.79	0.88	0.60	1.15
24	0.76	0.78	1.07	0.71
25	0.84	1.08	1.52	0.63
26	0.68	0.83	0.62	0.62
27	0.60	0.78	0.56	1.08
28	1.21	0.71	0.56	0.98
29	0.65	0.73	0.71	0.55
30	0.63	0.62	0.53	0.49
31	0.58	0.91	0.54	1.22
32	0.64	0.68	0.42	0.52
33	1.07	0.95	0.76	0.82
34	0.69	1.09	1.39	0.45
35	1.05	0.81	0.40	0.92
36	1.10	0.63	0.88	0.42
37	0.69	0.64	0.75	0.54
38	0.96	0.58	0.36	0.62
39	0.72	0.72	0.74	0.97
40	0.71	0.72	1.58	0.54
41	0.70	0.58	0.87	0.46
42	0.85	0.68	0.64	0.47

- The weighted RMS for 4 geodetic satellites < 1 cm

Table 5	Satellite	LAGEOS-1 (cm, Weighted RMS)	LAGEOS-2 (cm, Weighted RMS)	ETALON-1 (cm, Weighted RMS)	ETALON-2 (cm, Weighted RMS)
	Mean Value	0.85	0.79	0.73	0.72

Combined Terrestrial Reference Frame(TRF) and Earth Orientation Parameters(EOP) Solution

Strategies for TRF & EOPs solutions

- Software : GEODYN II & SOLVE
- Product : TRF(Weekly), EOPs(Daily)
- Satellites : LAGEOS-1,2 & ETALON-1,2
- Constraint : 1m on TRF, equivalent for EOPs
- a priori value for stations and EOPs : ITRF2005 and IERS bulletin A respectively
- Other configuration : Same for POD

TRF Results & Stability analysis

- TRF result for 10 ILRS core stations
- The stability (standard deviation, STD) analysis of the station positions(X,Y,Z) (Lejba & Schillak 2011):
- Stability or each direction

$$S_x = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^N (X_i - \bar{X})^2}{N-1}}$$

$$3D\ stability\ S = \sqrt{\frac{S_x^2 + S_y^2 + S_z^2}{3}}$$

- \bar{X} : Mean value of X_i direction (i = ARC #)
- The stability analysis result of the 10 ILRS core stations

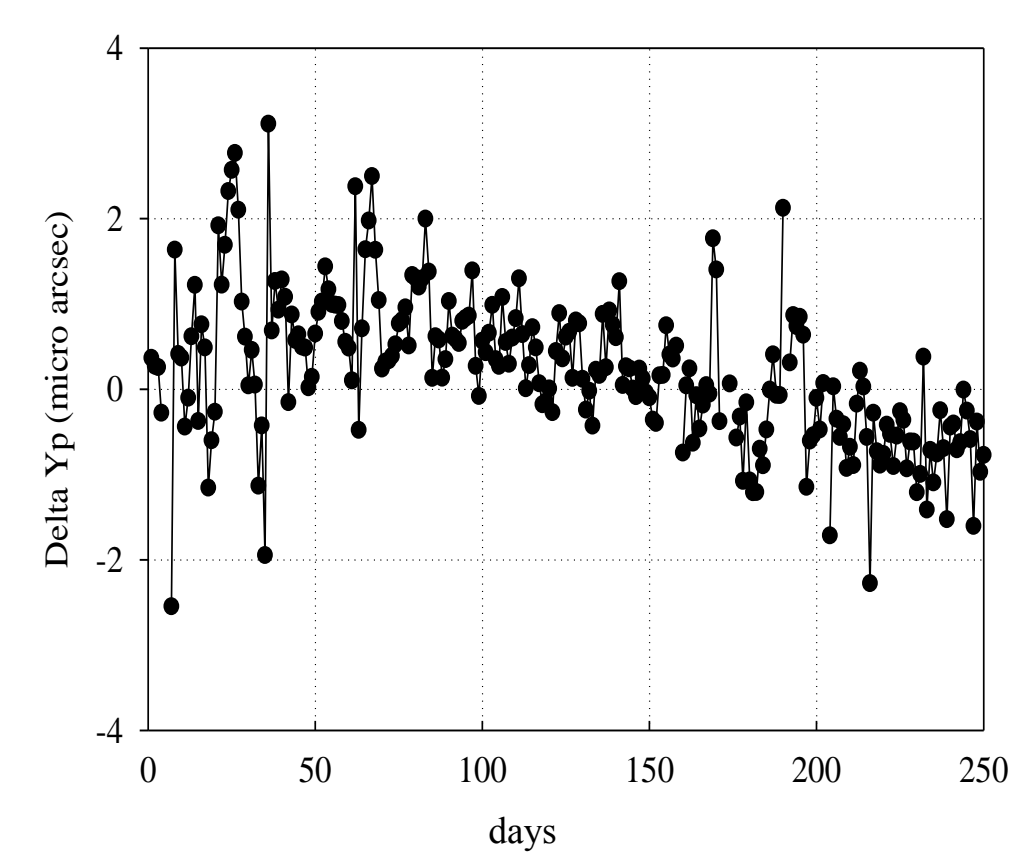
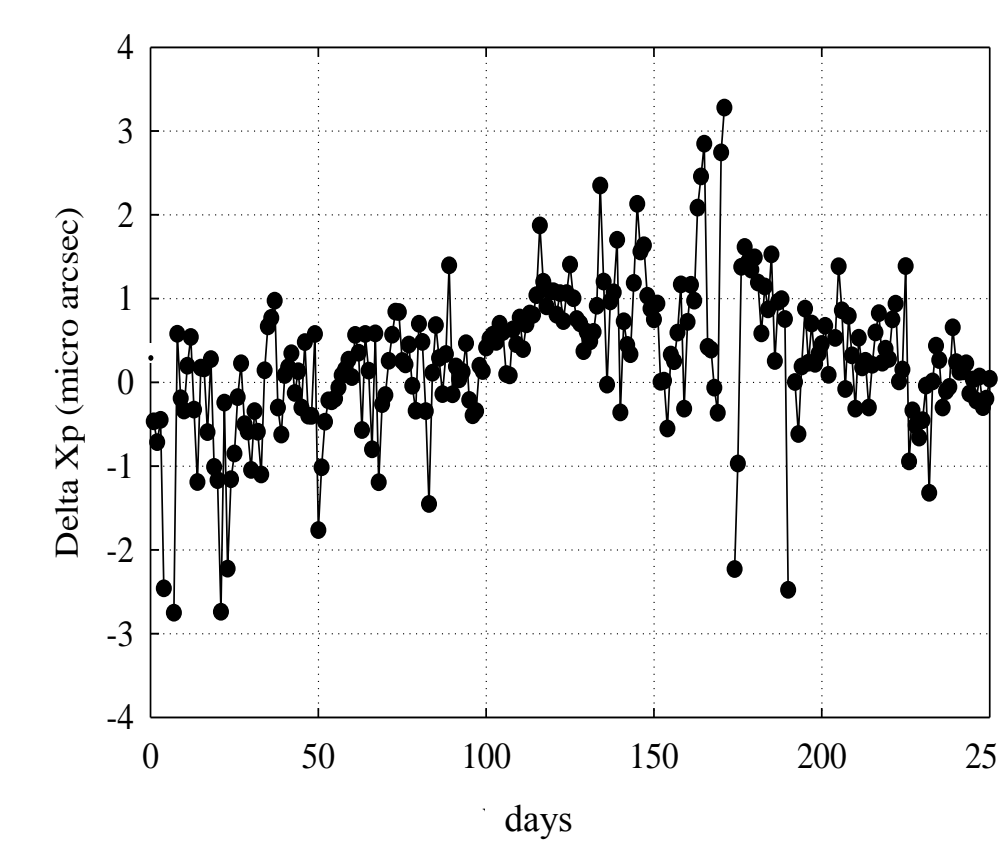
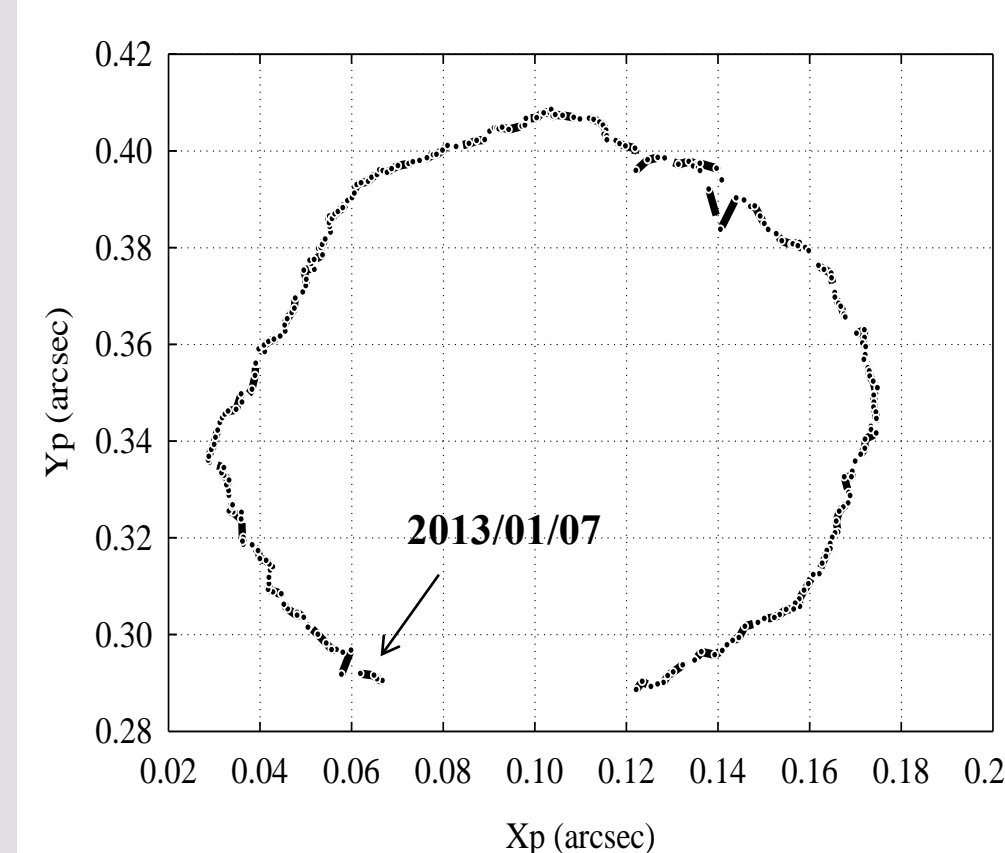
Table 6	Monument	Sx (mm)	Sy(mm)	Sz(mm)	S (mm)
	7090(YARL)	6.6	7.1	8.0	7.2
	7105(GODL)	4.9	3.2	5.9	4.8
	7110(MONL)	4.2	4.4	7.3	5.5
	7501(HARL)	10.1	11.5	11.5	11.0
	7810(ZIML)	9.1	6.1	8.1	7.9
	7825(STL3)	3.5	1.8	3.7	3.1
	7839(GRZL)	6.2	4.3	6.1	5.6
	7840(HERL)	9.8	6.3	7.4	8.0
	7941(MATM)	6.1	4.6	5.7	5.5
	Mean	6.1	5.5	5.9	5.8

EOPs Results

- Daily polar motion

- KASI EOPs – IERS C04 (Xp)
- Std. Dev. : 0.87

- KASI EOPs – IERS C04 (Yp)
- Std. Dev. : 0.88



Summary and Future Work

Summary

- Precise Orbital and Geodetic Parameter Estimation (using GEODYN II & SOLVE S/W)
 - LAGEOS -1,2 & ETALON -1,2 POD : Weighted RMS < 1 cm (using 26 ILRS stations NP data, 42 weeks)
 - TRF solution for 10 ILRS core stations, stability analysis : 3D stability < 6mm
 - Brief comparison KASI EOPs with IERS C04

Future Works

- Try to produce ILRS AAC Products
 - Earth rotation parameters (polar motion, LOD)
 - 3-D Coordinates and velocities of global SLR tracking stations
 - Geocenter coordinates
 - High accuracy LAGEOS orbits
 - Global SLR Station Quality Assessment
- Support Daedeok station normal operation
 - Quality check for Daedeok NP data
 - Time & Range bias information for station calibration